

# Parent Collaboration Evening

10<sup>th</sup> February 2022

### Aims of this evening

- Online Safety
  - To gain a better understanding of the impact and risks of using the internet/social media
  - How School supports and educates students
  - How you can help and support at home
- Anxiety
  - How to identify
  - Strategies to support









- Discussions around specific incidents and children
- Detailed information on every App available



## Online Safety

Safer Internet Day

This year's theme for Safer Internet Day is 'All fun and games? Exploring respect and relationships online'.



8th February

### There are lots of positives.....

DEO-REGI-PATRIAE

- Teamwork
- Creativity
- Knowledge
- Academic performance
- Hand-eye coordination

PROBLEM SOLVING INSPIRATION
CREATIVITY CONNECTION
GAMES FAMILY TEAMWORK
ESCAPISM CHALLENGE
ACHIEVEMENT SOCIAL LAUGHTER
SHARING
FRIENDSHIP SUPPORT
EDUCATIONAL COMMITMENT
COMPETITION
SOCIAL MEDIA
COMMUNITY
FUN

89% of 8-11 year olds said that using social media made them feel happy and 82% said it helped them to feel closer to their friends

2020 Ofcom

### There are risks.....



Concerns	% of parents
Encouraging self-harm	62%
Privacy and data collection	50%
Cyberbullying	45%
Radicalisation	41%
Excessive screen time	25%

## Growing Up In North Yorkshire Survey

- 19% (25%) of pupils responded that they communicate with people they have met online and don't know in real life.
- 46% (44%) of pupils responded that they communicate with people through online games, while 49% (49%) said they do so through picture/video sharing sites/apps.

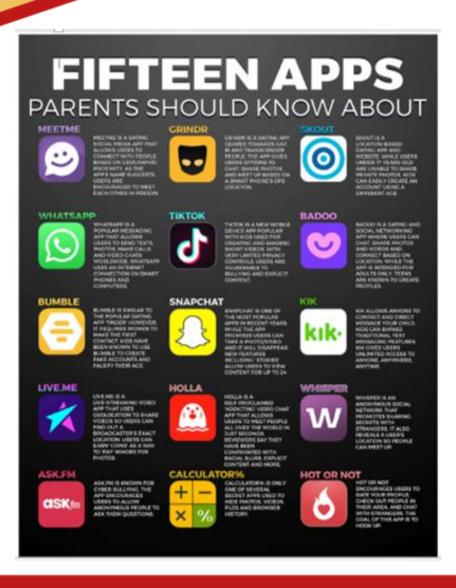
## Growing Up In North Yorkshire Survey

- 19% (18%) of pupils responded that they have experienced someone writing or showing them things online to hurt or upset them (with text, pictures or video), while 6% (8%) said they have sent personal information to someone, then wished they hadn't or had thought more about it. (14% in 2018)
- 11% (12%) of pupils responded that they worry about feeling pressure from social media 'often' or 'all the time'.

### Risks



- Inappropriate content Pornography, prejudicial, self-harm
- Inappropriate contact grooming, radicalisation
- Inappropriate conduct (by others and by themselves) cyberbullying, inappropriate posts
- Sexting

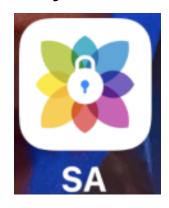




#### APPS



- Nationalonlinesafety.com variety of guides on different apps and what you need to know
- Apps we are currently aware of:





#### Risk is not harm

#### Positive action can limit risks becoming harmful. Here are 5 tips for parents:

- Understand the risks
- 2 Communicate regularly
- Keep the risks in proportion

- 4 Agree on helpful mediation strategies
- 5 Develop coping strategies that foster resilience





### Top Tips





- Content
  - Parental Controls
  - Talk consent, respect, realistic?
- Contact
  - Talk who/why?
  - Privacy Settings
  - Location Settings
  - Report/Block/Mute

- Conduct
  - Talk -Grandparent/Headteacher test
  - Report
- Sexting
  - Talk T-Shirt Test
  - Report

### What we teach in school



- Through Life lessons, Computing Curriculum, Assemblies, Tutor time:
  - To understand a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy;
  - recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns
- Contextual information
- Current Affairs/News stories
- Student Voice







- Ethos of support, learning through mistakes
- Safeguarding and Wellbeing Newsletters
- Through Curriculum subjects
- Filters and monitoring on school ICT system
- Enrichment activities
- Not allowing mobile phones in school

## How can you help?



- About the amount of time spent online Forest App
- About the Apps they use
- About the positives and risks.
- What to do if they are worried
- Role model the way you use technology
  - Turn off notifications
  - Do Not Disturb at night or "no phones in bedrooms"
  - Keep phones on silent when attending functions/events
  - 'No phones at table rule' or 'no phones between 6 & 7 rule'



# Further sources of information and support



InternetMatters.org



• CEOP



NSPCC



Childline





### Your Questions



- Is this topic covered in IT or in Life lessons or do you use every opportunity to reinforce it across all curriculum subjects where possible?
- I don't think I know about 10 of the 15 social media apps in the advert! Will these be covered or information given out?
- Whether Snapchat is appropriate for young teenagers? that it can initiate bullying, and that you can become 'friends' with random strangers.



## Anxiety



### Talking to your child

Where to start

When is a 'good time' to talk?

- do an activity you both enjoy, you can create a relaxed space for getting the conversation started.
- would writing a letter or texting make it easier?



## If they don't want to talk right now



If you talk to me about what is worrying you, I can do my best to help.

If you need to talk to someone else, that's okay too.

We're going to get through this together

You can talk to me, I'm here for you.

Even if I don't understand, know that I want to

 Remember that you know your child. You can tell when it isn't the right time or they aren't in the mood to talk

## If your child tells you they are struggling

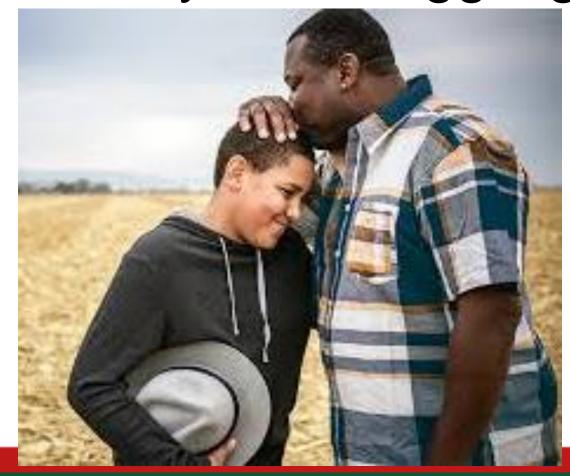




- Validate their feelings. You could say 'it's really understandable that you're feeling...' to let them know that their feelings are okay.
- Thank them for sharing what's going on and be encouraging about the way they've opened up.

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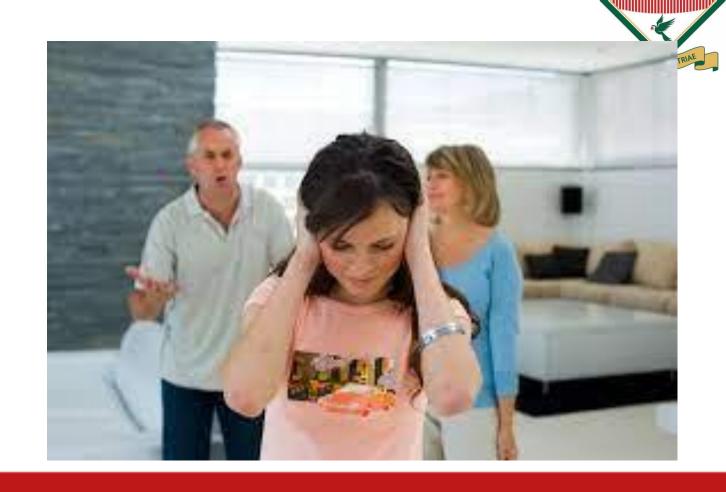
- Let them know
- Ask
- Spend time together



Let your child know

Remind

Avoid



## School Anxiety



Every child and young person will worry about things that happen at school from time to time — and that's completely normal.

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# Young people tell us their worries about school can include:



- The work is difficult,
- School is tiring
- Exam pressure
- Friendship difficulties
- Not feeling accepted
- Feeling unsupported

- Their progress
- Not getting on with teachers
- Peer pressure
- Bullying
- Additional needs

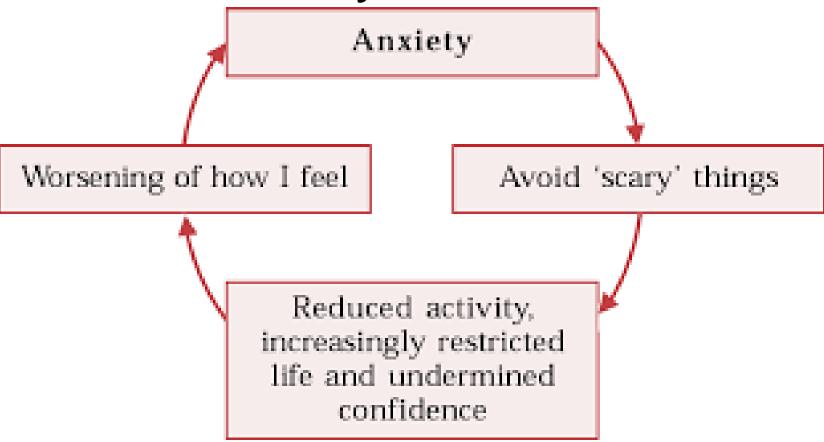
# Young people may show they're feeling anxious about school by:



- not wanting to get up and get ready
- being reluctant to go to school
- getting very worried about relatively small issues,
- feeling sick or having stomach or headaches
- not doing schoolwork, or getting lower marks
- being angry or upset, or acting out
- exploding when they get home
- withdrawing seeming low, quiet or depressed
- refusing to go to school at all
- not going to school without you knowing

### Avoidance Cycle









Communication	Routine	Action
Ask your child what's worrying them	Plan a morning routine	Reach out to school as early as you can
Think with them about changes that could be made	Plan a regular time to talk	Consider using a "worry journal"
Discuss coping strategies with your child		Create a "worry box" with your child
		Encourage your child to make a "self-sooth box"

### Support in School



- All staff are trained to Level 1 Compass Buzz Training
- Key staff are trained to Level 3
- Mental Health and anxiety covered in Life Lessons and in other curriculum areas where appropriate
- Pastoral Staff trained to support
- School Counsellor
- Referrals to external agencies

### Sources of support



- GP
- Compass Phoenix
- CAMHs
- Childline
- Young Minds
- https://charliewaller.org/information/anxiety/supporting-a-childwith-anxiety

### Your questions



- How to identify
- Strategies to help anxiety
- What tools, strategies and training opportunities have staff had or use in dealing with anxiety issues. Also, are pupils as a whole learning about anxiety and how it can be treated rather than dismissed? In Life lessons for example?
- How to deal with a child who has a very pessimistic approach to life.
- What support is available in school, for children who suffer with anxiety?
- What can the school do to help an anxious child? Where can the parents get signpost information from?